Numbers to call for information:

California Cancer Registry Chronic
Disease Surveillance and Research Branch
California Department of Public Health

1631 Alhambra Blvd, Suite 200 Sacramento, CA 95816

P: (916) 731-2500 | www.ccrcal.org



Greater Bay Area Cancer Registry

39141 Civic Center Dr., Suite 425, Fremont, CA 94538 **P:** (510) 608-5000 | **F:** (510) 608-5100

https://cancerregistry.ucsf.edu/

Counties: Santa Clara Region (Monterey, San Benito, Santa Clara and Santa Cruz Counties), Bay Area Region (Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco and San Mateo Counties)

E-mail: gbacr@ucsf.edu



Los Angeles Cancer Surveillance Program

University of Southern California Soto Street
Building, Suite 305, 2001 N.Soto Street, MC 9238
Los Angeles, CA 90089-9238*

*Use zip 90032 for UPS/GS0/FedEx

P: (323) 442-2300 | **F:** (323) 442-2301 https://keck.usc.edu/cancer-surveillance-program/

County: Los Angeles

E-mail: asklacsp@usc.edu



Cancer Registry of Greater California

1750 Howe Ave, Suite 550, Sacramento, CA 95825 **P:** (916) 779-0300 | **F:** (916) 779-0264 http://crgc-cancer.org/

Counties: Central Region (Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Mariposa, Merced, Stanislaus, Tulare and Tuolumne Counties), Sacramento Region (Alpine, Amador, Calaveras, El Dorado, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, San Joaquin, Sierra, Solano, Sutter, Yolo and Yuba Counties) Tri-County Region (San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara and Ventura Counties) Inland Empire Region (Inyo, Mono, Riverside and San Bernardino Counties), North Region (Butte, Colusa, Del Norte, Glenn, Humboldt, Lake, Lassen, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Plumas, Shasta, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Tehama and Trinity Counties), San Diego Region (Imperial and San Diego Counties) Orange County



1631 Alhambra Blvd., Suite 200 Sacramento, CA 95816

P: (916) 731-2500 F: (916) 454-1538

OUR MISSION | Delivering high quality cancer data used to save and improve lives.

OUR VISION | CCR will serve the public by collecting timely, standardized, statewide data across the cancer continuum to target action toward high impact data use.

The California Cancer Registry is a collaborative effort between the California Department of Public Health, the Institute for Population Health Improvement, UC Davis Health Systems, and the regional cancer registries.









UR VISION

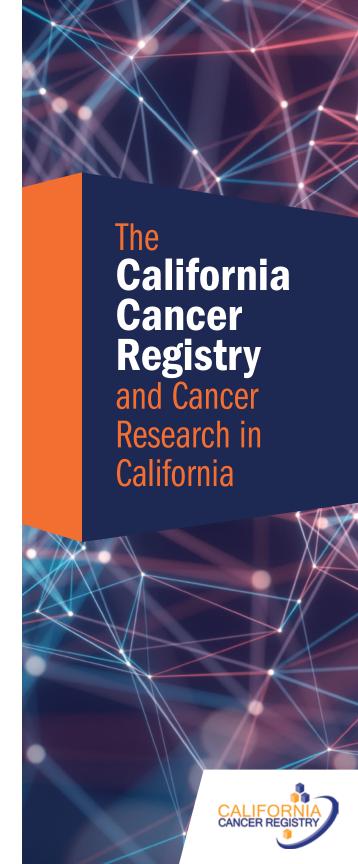
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The CCR advances the health of all Californians by contributing knowledge and data for cancer control research and practice efforts.

What is a Cancer Registry?

- A cancer registry is a system for collecting, storing, and studying data on persons with cancer.
- Cancer registries are needed to measure the burden of cancer in our communities, to help identify the causes of cancers, and to find cures for these diseases.
- California has a comprehensive cancer registry that covers the entire state. It is considered one of the best cancer registries in the world.
- State law requires that every cancer diagnosed in California be reported to the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) which manages the California Cancer Registry (CCR).

How does the CCR get information on cancer cases?

- The law requires doctors, hospitals, and other facilities that diagnose and treat cancer patients to report information on cancer cases to the CCR.
- The CCR and regional registries work with local reporting facilities to ensure that information on cancer cases is complete and accurate.
- The CCR collates all the data, performs additional quality control, and analyzes the data on a statewide basis.
- At each step of the process, strict procedures are in place to protect patient confidentiality.

What data does the CCR collect?

- All data collected by the CCR are obtained directly from cancer patients' medical records. The CCR does not interview patients.
- The CCR collects demographic, diagnostic, and treatment information on individual cancer cases.
- » Demographic data include: patients's name, address at time of diagnosis, sex, race, and age at diagnosis.
- » Diagnostic data include: type of cancer (such as breast cancer) and stage of disease at time of diagnosis.
- » Treatment data include: whether the patient had surgery, radiation, or chemotherapy as the first course of treatment.

What are the data used for?

Data collected by the CCR are used to:

- monitor the number of new cancer cases and cancer deaths over time;
- examine disparities in cancer risk, treatment, and survival;
- examine treatment choices and other predictors of survival;
- · measure the success of cancer screening programs;
- respond to public concerns and questions about cancer; and
- conduct research to find the causes and cures of cancer.

What happens to the data?

- The CCR and regional registries use the data to write summary reports that inform the public, local health workers, educators, and legislators about the status of cancer.
- These summary reports do NOT contain any information on individual cancer cases. The data in these reports are combined into groups for analysis.
- Researchers may examine these data to identify areas that have high cancer rates, and areas where people might benefit from cancer screening and education programs.
- Researchers can also use these data to look at trends in cancer diagnoses.

Are cancer patients asked to participate in research studies?

- · Some studies require that researchers obtain additional information from individual cancer patients.
- The CCR and regional registries are permitted to release patient contact information to qualified researchers. These researchers may contact patients to find out if they want to participate in a research study.
- The CCR will only release information to qualified researchers under tightly controlled circumstances where the research has first been approved by the California Committee for the Protection of Human Subjects (CPHS).





What rights do patients have?

- Patients have the right to refuse to participate in any research study without jeopardizing their current or future medical care.
- Patient rights are monitored and protected by a federally approved Institutional Review Board (IRB) at the researcher's institution. Patients are encouraged to report and concerns or complaints to the IRB. Information about how to contact the IRB should be included in the initial contact letter from the researcher.
- Cancer patients may request that their contact information be withheld from researchers by contacting the CCR at the number located on the back of this brochure.

Why participate in cancer research?

- $\cdot \;\;$ It offers an opportunity to join the fight against cancer.
- Thanks to the participation of many cancer patients, their families, and people without cancer, hundreds of research studies have been conducted using CCR data.
- This research has contributed to the discovery of major risk factors for cancer, improved treatment, and better survival for cancer patients in California and across the United States.